## **COURSE OUTLINE**

# (1) GENERAL

SCHOOL	School of Science				
ACADEMIC UNIT	Physics				
LEVEL OF STUDIES	Undergraduate				
COURSE CODE	10EKO01	EKO01 SEMESTER 4			
COURSE TITLE	THEORETICAL MECHANICS II (Analytical Mechanics)				
INDEPENDENT TEACHING ACTIVITIES if credits are awarded for separate components of the course, e.g. lectures, laboratory exercises, etc. If the credits are awarded for the whole of the course, give the weekly teaching hours and the total credits		WEEKLY TEACHING HOURS		CREDITS	
Leo	Lectures (theory and exercises)		5		7
<b>COURSE TYPE</b> general background, special background, specialised general knowledge, skills development	Special background				
PREREQUISITE COURSES:	<b>No (suggested:</b> Basic Mathematical Methods, Mechanics I, Analysis I & Applications, Analysis II)				
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION and EXAMINATIONS:	Greek				
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO ERASMUS STUDENTS	No				
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)	url of eclass				
	https://eclass.uoa.gr/courses/PHYS288/				

### (2) LEARNING OUTCOMES

### Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

- Consult Appendix A
- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

In this course the student acquires the necessary knowledge for the understanding of the least action principle, and the physical context of Lagrangian and Hamiltonian formulation.

With the completion of the course the student is able to

- Describe various mechanical systems in Lagrangian and Hamiltonian formulation.
- Recognize the symmetries and the corresponding conserved quantities in a mechanical system.
- Explain the physical context of the least action principle.
- Calculate the normal modes and eigenfrequencies of a system near equilibrium.
- Be able to explain the conserved quantities as a consequence of symmetries.
- Be able to combine the Lagrangian description in order to analyze various mechanical systems.
- Be able to compute the Hamiltonian of a system. Understands the flow in phase space. Be able to perform canonical transformations to solve a problem. Know how to use the Poisson brackets.

#### **General Competences**

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology Adapting to new situations Decision-making Working independently Team work Working in an international environment Working in an interdisciplinary environment Production of new research ideas Project planning and management Respect for difference and multiculturalism Respect for the natural environment Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues Criticism and self-criticism Production of free, creative and inductive thinking .....

Others...

The course aims at the following general competences

Production of new research ideas Production of free, creative and inductive thinking Analytical and synthetic thinking Critical thinking Problem solving

### (3) SYLLABUS

- The principle of least action.
- Calculus of variations, Euler-Lagrange equations, Lagrangian of a charged particle in an electromagnetic field.
- Symmetries and Noether theorem, Lagrange multipliers and constraints.
- Normal modes of an oscillating system.
- Legendre transformation, Hamilton's equations, phase space flow, Poisson brackets.
- Symmetries and conserved quantities in Hamiltonian mechanics, canonical transformations.

# (4) TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

DELIVERY	Face-to-face			
Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc.	Parallel live distance learning and recording.			
USE OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education, communication with students	Yes Electronic communication with the students using ICT eclass platform			
TEACHING METHODS	Activity	Semester workload		
The manner and methods of teaching are described in detail. Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice, fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography, tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art workshop, interactive teaching, educational visits, project, essay writing, artistic creativity, etc. The student's study hours for each learning activity are given as well as the hours of non- directed study according to the principles of the ECTS	Lectures Exercises Individual Study/ Study and Analysis of bibliography / Preparation Course Total	39 26 110 175		
STUDENT PERFORMANCE				
EVALUATION Description of the evaluation procedure Language of evaluation, methods of evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple choice questionnaires, short-answer questions, open- ended questions, problem solving, written work, essay/report, oral examination, public presentation, laboratory work, clinical examination of patient, art interpretation, other Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are given, and if and where they are accessible to students.	Final written exams in Greek Problems for students to solve at home (optional). The problems are uploaded in eclass.			

## (5) ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

- Suggested bibliography:

- 1. Theoretical Mechanics (P. Ioannou, T. Apostolatos) in Greek [K $\omega\delta$ . Ev $\delta$ . 68401837]
- 2. Theoretical Mechanics, Vol. 2 (J. Hatzidimitriou) in greek [Kωδ. Eυδ. 8797]
- 3. Classical Mechanics (Kibble T.W.B., Berkshire F.H.) transl. in greek Εκδ. ΙΔΡΥΜΑ ΤΕΧΝΟΛΟΓΙΑΣ & ΕΡΕΥΝΑΣ-ΠΑΝΕΠΙΣΤΗΜΙΑΚΕΣ ΕΚΔΟΣΕΙΣ ΚΡΗΤΗΣ [Κωδ. Ευδ. 22695091]

- Related academic journals:

Physical Review Letters (selected articles)